

# **FLAG Rounds Session Key Takeaways**

# What is Ableism?

- Discrimination towards people with disabilities—ableism—is extremely common.<sup>1</sup>
- Despite its prevalence, there is no one singularly agreed upon definition of ableism; however, generally, it is, 'stereotyping, prejudice, discrimination, and social oppression toward people with disabilities'.<sup>2</sup>

**JANUARY 16, 2025** 

Whose Expectation is it Anyway? Access, Care and Humanization

View session recording: go.wisc.edu/ FLAGJanuary2025

# FLAG Rounds Founders & Presenters



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# Identified Categories of Disability-Based Discrimination in Pediatric Health Care<sup>3</sup>

### **Substandard Patient Care**

(Limiting treatment options, inappropriate assessment and treatment)

### **Dehumanization**

(Inappropriate interactions/communication with child and/or family, no/limited acknowledgment of child)

### **Lack of Accessibilty to Care**

(Made to feel unwelcome, cultural and communication barriers, no accommodations)

# What is the heart of Patient and Family Centered Care?<sup>4</sup>

Patient- and family-centered care is an innovative approach to the planning, delivery, and evaluation of health care that is **grounded in a mutually beneficial partnership** among patients, families, and providers that recognizes the importance of the family in the patient's life.

Two core concepts to highlight:

- 1. Listening to and respecting each child and his/her family.
- 2. Collaborating with patients and families at all levels of healthcare.

# Strategies to Partner to Dismantle Ableism and Reflection Points

## **Legal Standards Set Expectations**

- The Findings and Purpose of the <u>Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, As Amended</u> (ADA) are legal tools and also set societal expectations:
  - "physical or mental disabilities in no way diminish a person's right to fully participate in all aspects of society"
- 2024 Final Rule Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Disability in Programs or Activities Receiving Federal Financial Assistance of Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973:
  - i. Strengthens to align <u>Section 504</u> with the ADA.
  - ii. Clarifies NEW non-discrimination obligations with <u>accessible medical equipment</u>, medical treatment, value assessments and others.









### STRATEGY 1 Dehumanization to Humanization: Whole Child

- Say Hello to each child with a disability and/or medical complexity.
- SEE the whole child: Move from medical model "fix" to focus on the "F" words of life: fitness, function, friends, family, fun and future.<sup>5,6</sup>

# STRATEGY 2 Making the Inaccessible, Accessible: Full Access

- EXAMINE: Are children with medical complexity and/or disability "welcome?" LOOK at the "Built" environment- what is built? By who? Why? How? Physical barriers: where live, play, work, learn... and where get healthcare<sup>7</sup> Social barriers: assumptions, attitudes and culture of clinic/hospital<sup>8</sup>
- Access requires Communication: Assume everyone requires some sort of accommodation and consider the needs of everyone who will be interacting in clinic visits, inpatient stays, procedures.

# STRATEGY 3 Substandard to Excellent Care: Just Ask!

- ASK yourself, your "team" and children and families: How do we partner to provide excellent care?
  - i. Asking questions is the antidote to assumptions
  - ii. Don't just screen, have a conversation
- ASK and plan with children and families: shared plans of care, pain plans, consults (pre-anesthesia, surgical, etc), communication strengths of child/family.

Whatever your co	to Change: Openness, Curiosity, Humility onnection to (family or professional) or the type of work you do (clinical, public health, ow do you commit to change?
Regarding the <b>car</b> I intend to:	e of children with disabilities and/or medical complexity.
Regarding <b>partne</b> I intend to:	rship in the care of children with disabilities and/or medical complexity.

### **Related Resources**

- 1. Barnes, 1997; Keller & Galgay, 2010; Linton, 1998; Lundberg & Chen, 2024; Nario-Redmond, 2019
- 2. Bogart & Dunn, 2019, p. 652
- Stefanie G. Ames, Rebecca K. Delaney, Amy J. Houtrow, Claudia Delgado-Corcoran, Justin Alvey, Melissa H. Watt, Nancy Murphy; Perceived Disability-Based Discrimination in Health Care for Children With Medical Complexity. Pediatrics July 2023; 152 (1): e2022060975. 10.1542/ peds.2022-060975
- 4. COMMITTEE ON HOSPITAL CARE and INSTITUTE FOR PATIENT- AND FAMILY-CENTERED CARE; Patient- and Family-Centered Care and the Pediatrician's Role. Pediatrics February 2012; 129 (2): 394–404. 10.1542/peds.2011-3084
- 5. World Health Organization. (2001) International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF)
- 6. Rosenbaum P & Gorter JW. (2012). The 'F-words' in childhood disability: I swear this is how we should think! Child Care Health Dev; 38
- 7. Bole A, Bernstein A, White MJ, et al; American Academy of Pediatrics, Council on Environmental Health and Climate Change, Section on Minority Health, Equity, and Inclusion. The Built Environment and Pediatric Health. Pediatrics. 2024;153(1):e2023064773
- 8. Stacey Cook, Sangeeta Mauskar, Jay G. Berry; Discriminating Against Children With Medical Complexity. Pediatrics July 2023; 152 (1): e2023061604. 10.1542/peds.2023-061604

# Any questions or want further discussion? info@flagrounds.org







